That portion of Nebraska east of a boundary commencing with U.S. Hwy. 281 from the Nebraska-South Dakota state line, then south on U.S. Hwy. 281 to Neb. Hwy. 12, then east on Neb. Hwy. 12 to U.S. Hwy. 20, then east on U.S. Hwy. 20 to U.S. Hwy. 75, then south on U.S. Hwy. 75 to Neb. Hwy. 133, then south on Neb. Hwy. 133 to U.S. Hwy. 6, then east on U.S. Hwy. 6 to Interstate 480, then south on Interstate 480 to U.S. Hwy. 75, then south on U.S. Hwy. 75 to Neb. Hwy. 67, then east and south on Neb. Hwy. 67 to U.S. Hwy. 136, then east on U.S. Hwy. 136 to Neb. Hwy. 67, then south on Neb. Hwy. 67 to U.S. Hwy. 73, then east and south on U.S. Hwy. 73 to the Nebraska-Kansas state line.

Three (3) miles of the landward banks of the following portions of Nebraska rivers:
- From the mouth of Long Pine Creek to a point five (5) miles south of U.S. Hwy. 20 where Long Pine Creek crosses the west side of Section 19, T29N R20W.
- From the mouth of Plum Creek in Brown County to U.S. Hwy. 20.
- The Niobrara River from the mouth to NE Hwy. 27.
- The south fork of the Elkhorn River from the mouth to NE Hwy. 11.
- The Cedar River from the mouth to NE Hwy. 11.
- The White River between the intersection of the White River and NE Hwy. 71 northeasterly to the intersection of the White River and the Nebraska-South Dakota state line.

NOTES -
- No hunting allowed on state and federal public land. State lands include state parks, state recreation areas, state historical parks and state wildlife management areas. Federal lands include U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Nebraska National Forest and National Wildlife Refuges.